

Photo 1: Overview of the rear of the Facility. Taken 5/26/15.



Photo 2: Overview of the rear of the Facility. Taken 5/26/15.



Photo 3: Overview of the intact anodize line in the Anodize Department.



Photo 4: Close-up of solid sulfur crystals formed in a tank in the Anodize Department. The tank formerly contained sodium hydride and sulfuric acid.

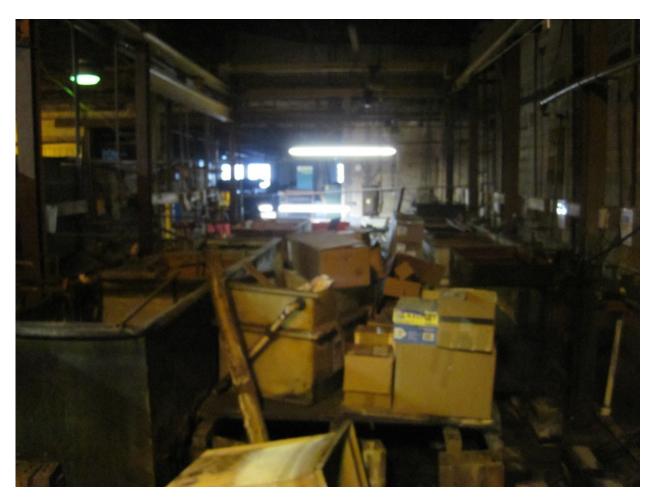


Photo 5: Overview of Anodize Department.



Photo 6: Fabricated plastic plating lines.



Photo 7: Overview of Mr. Nagy's fabricated plating tanks.

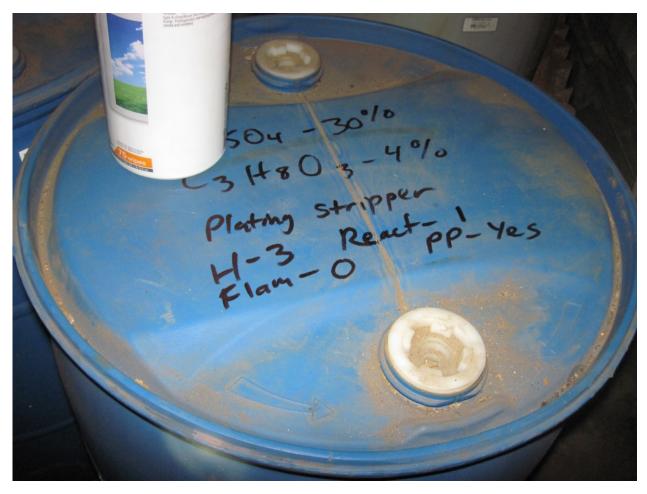


Photo 8: Close-up of the label on a 55-gallon container of sulfuric acid plating stripper located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.



Photo 9: Close-up of Sodium Hydroxide container labeled as "Waste" and "For Disposal" located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.



Photo 10: Overview of containers of plating materials located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.



Photo 11: Overview of containers located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.



Photo 12: Overview of containers located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.



Photo 13: Close-up of product label on a container, as seen in Photo #12 above.

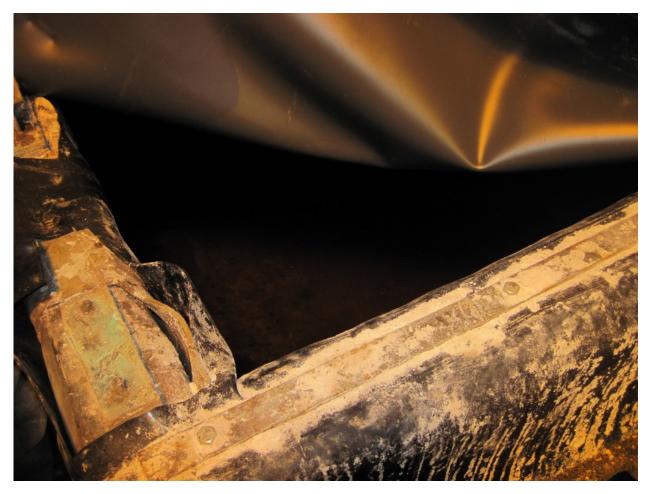


Photo 14: Close-up of a partially filled and covered tank of zinc-chloride solution located in the Zinc Hoist and Cadmium Hoist department.



Photo 15: Overview of the electro cleaner tank located in the Zinc Hoist and Cadmium Hoist department.



Photo 16: Overview of the covered cadmium oxide plating tank.



Photo 17: Liquid on the ground near the former Zinc Barrel Line.



Photo 18: Tanks stacked next to the former Zinc Barrel Line.



Photo 19: Overview of stacked containers on pallets located close to the former Electropolishing Department. The containers are closed and labeled with product labels.



Photo 20: Close-up of the label on one of the containers, as seen in Photo #19 above. The expiration date is 3/6/09.



Photo 21: Overview of stacked and shrink-wrapped containers located close to the former Electropolishing Department.



Photo 22: Close-up of one of the labels on a containers, as seen in Photo #21 above. The expiration date is 6/19/09.

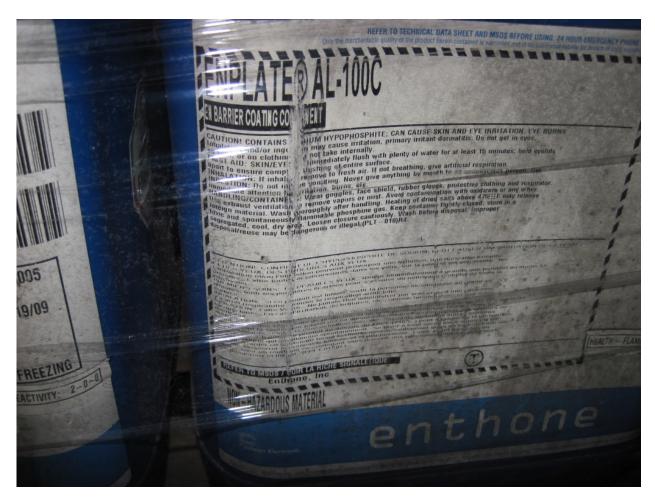


Photo 23: Close-up of a label on a container, as seen in Photo #21 above. The container is labeled with the words non-hazardous material.

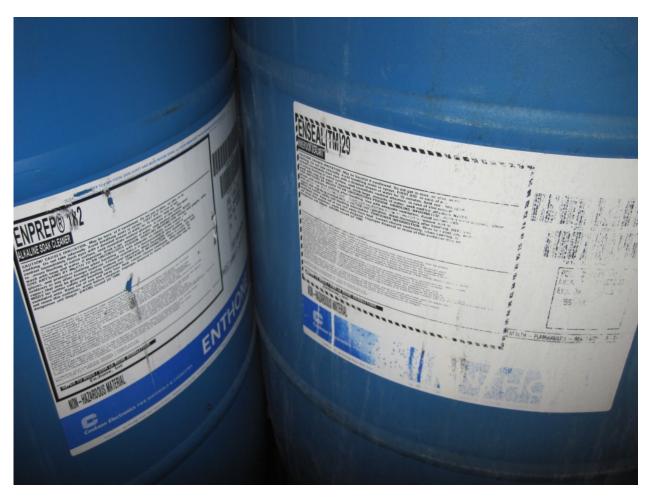


Photo 24: Close-up of labels on containers of cleaning solution located close to the former Electropolishing Department.



Photo 25: Overview of containers located close to the former Electropolishing Department.

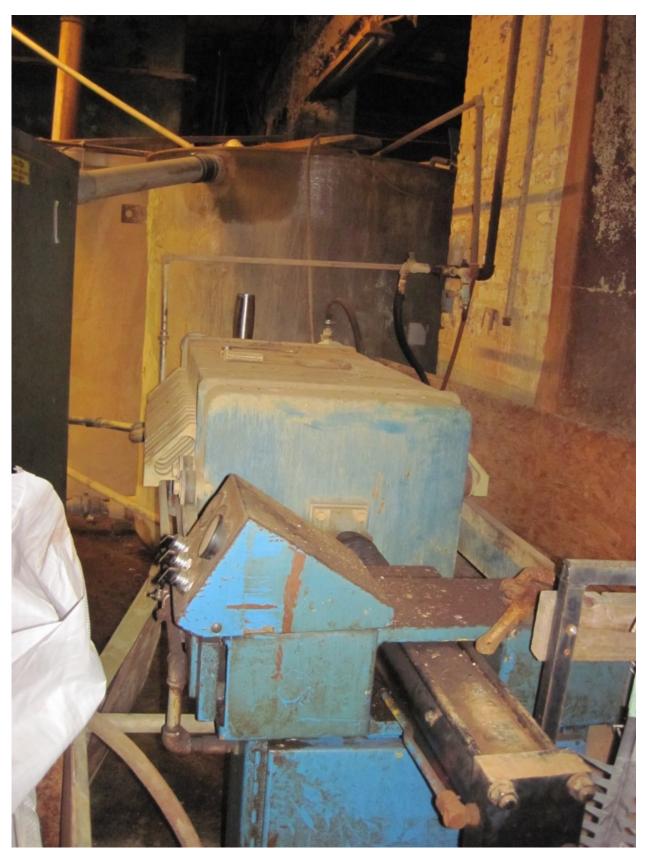


Photo 26: Overview of the WWTU sludge tank and the filter press.



Photo 27: Overview of a container of WWTU sludge accumulated in a super sack.

6	HAZARDOUS .
•	WASTE
	FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS IMPROPER DISPOSAL.
	IF FOUND, CONTRACT THE MEARENT POLICE OR PUBLIC SAFETY AUTHORITY ON THE U.S. REVIEWENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.  GENERATOR INFORMATION:
	NAME AMERICAN PLATING COMPANY, INC
• 6	ADDRESS 4004 E MONUMENT PHONE (410) 342 6200
	CITY BALTIMORE STATE MDZP 21206
<b>9</b>	MANIFEST TRACKING NO. 009034208.LJK START DATE 0/06/15
•	EPA ID NO. MDD054909072 EPA WASTE NO. F006 D006
•	RQ, NA3077, Hazardous waste, solid, n.o.s.(Cadmium), 9, PGIII (D006, F006), ERG #171
	D.O.T. PROPER SHIPPING NAME AND UN OR NA NO. WITH PREFIX
	Appr# 14608-METAL HYDROXIDE SLUDGE HANDLE WITH CARE!
. 8	LABELINASTER® (800) 621-5808 www.labelmaster.com
The state of the s	

Photo 28: Close-up of the label on the container, as seen in Photo #27 above. The container is labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste" and dated as 1/6/15.



Photo 29: Close-up of the contents of the container, as seen in Photo #27 above. The container was partially filled with F006 waste, and it was open at the time of the inspection.



Photo 30: Overview of the WWTU pit, which was filled with liquid.



Photo 31: Overview of containers in the former chrome department.



Photo 32: Overview of containers located in the former chrome department.



Photo 33: Overview of the WWTU process tanks.



Photo 34: Overview of liquid in the secondary containment of the WWTU process tanks.

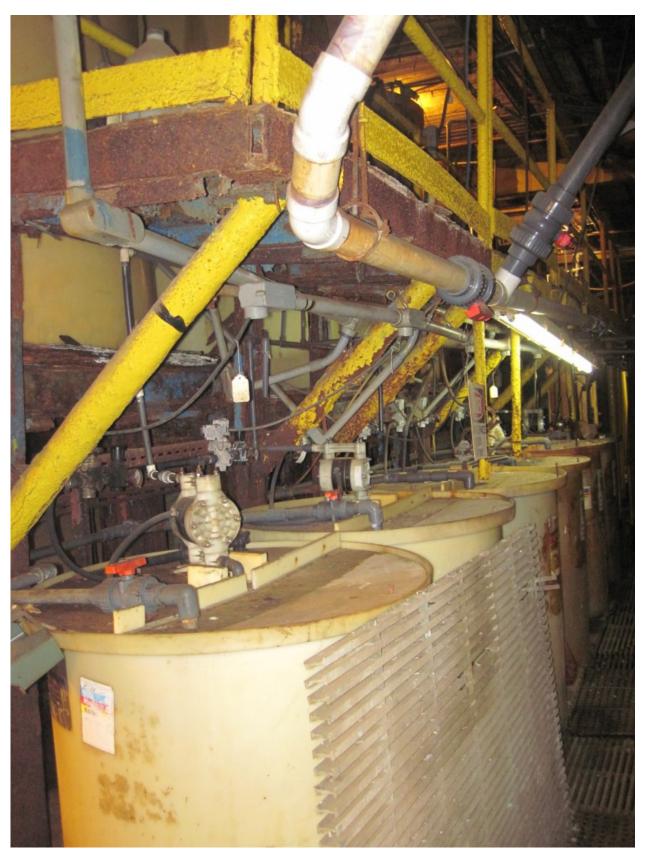


Photo 35: Overview of empty WWTU process tanks.

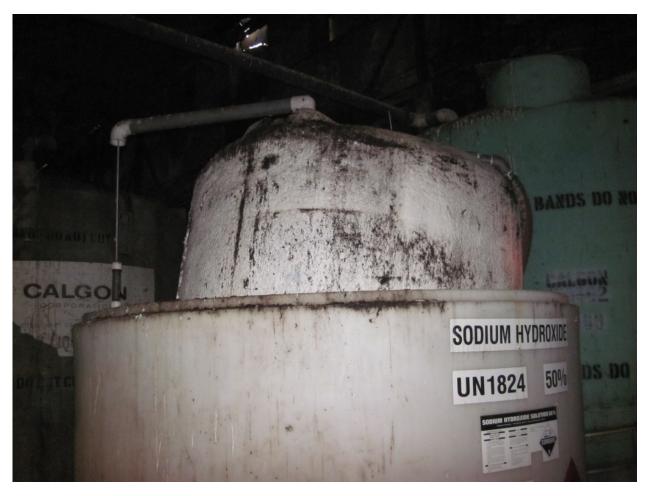


Photo 36: Overview of a WWTU tank labeled as Sodium Hydroxide. The sodium hydroxide had solidified at the time of the inspection, and was observed at the top of the tank.



Photo 37: Overview of a process tank with an unknown liquid in the electroless nickel plating line.



Photo 38: Overview of the electroless nickel plating line area.

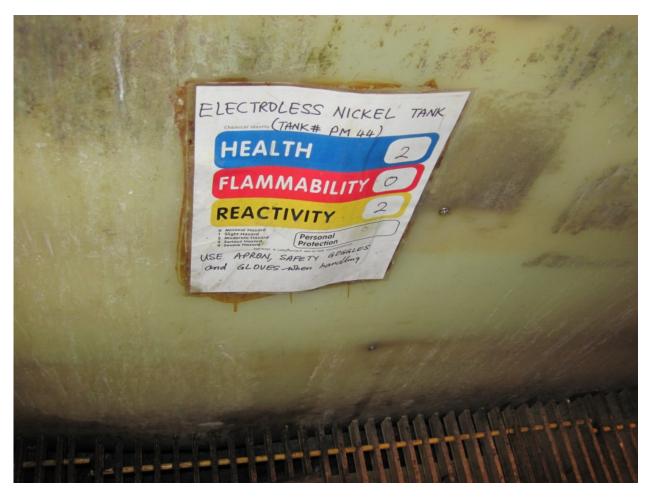


Photo 39: Close-up of a tank with liquid located along the electroless nickel plating line, as seen in Photo #40 below.



Photo 40: Overview of liquid contained in a tank along the electroless nickel plating line.



Photo 41: Black masking material accumulated on piping near the electroless plating line.

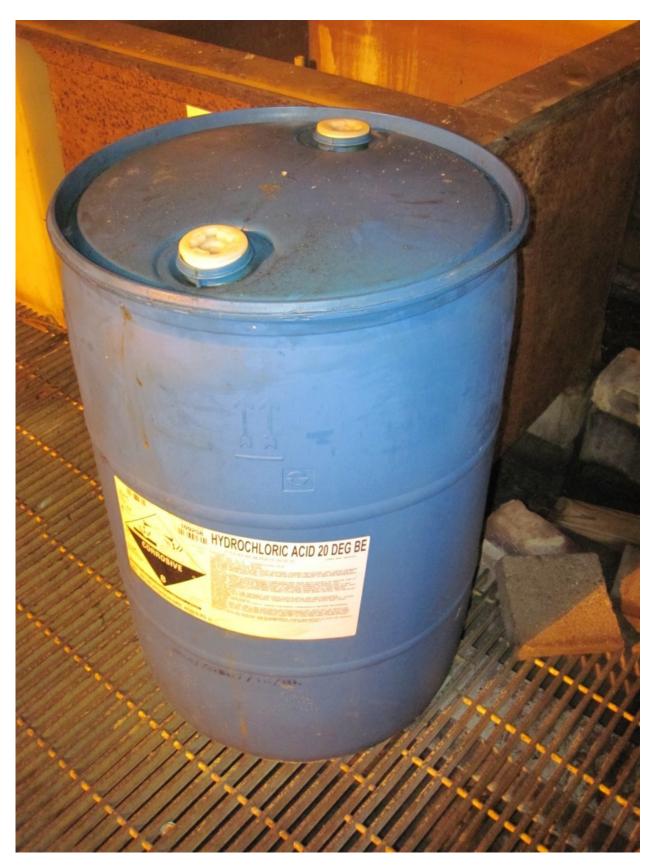


Photo 42: Closed container of tin solution.



Photo 43: Another closed container of tin solution.



Photo 44: Container of hydrochloric acid and water used to descale and remove rust from parts. The container was covered with a piece of plywood during the inspection.



Photo 45: Overview of used universal waste lamps located in the Masking Area.



Photo 46: Overview of propane tanks and containers of unknown materials located outside the Facility.



Photo 47: Close-up of a rusted container of unknown material located outside the Facility.



Photo 48: Overview of the rear of the Facility.

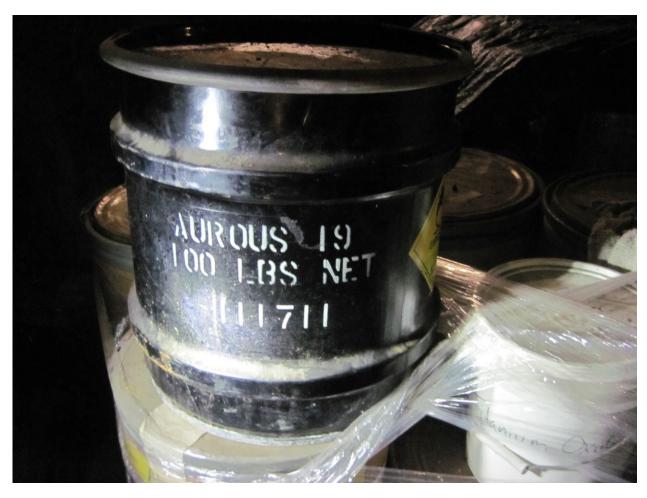


Photo 49: Close-up of dry hexavalent chrome located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.



Photo 50: Overview of containers of trivalent chrome located in the former Automatic Zinc Department.